ΕN

PASSIONE BEAUTY S.P.A. REF 2015 - DL0173 Primer

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 1 / 11

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: REF 2015
Product name DL0173 Primer

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Acid based primer

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name PASSIONE BEAUTY S.P.A.

Full address Viale Crispi 89-93

District and Country 36100 Vicenza (VI)

Italia

Tel. +39 0444-239569

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet quality@pucosmetica.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to +39 0444-239569

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Acute toxicity, category 3	H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin corrosion, category 1A	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		
Skin sensitization, category 1B	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H311 Toxic in contact with skin. **H302** Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 2 / 11

SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P264 Wash . . . thoroughly after handling.

Contains: Methacrylic acid Isobutyl methacrylate

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

EC

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Methacrylic acid

INDEX 607-088-00-5 $86 \le x < 90$ Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318,

STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP

Regulation: D

LD50 Oral: 1060 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 500 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg

CAS 79-41-4 Isobutyl methacrylate

INDEX 607-113-00-X $4 \le x < 4.5$ Flam.

Flam. Lig. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1B H317,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: D

EC 202-613-0 CAS 97-86-9

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

201-204-4

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Contact with eyes: seek medical attention immediately. Call a poison control center or doctor. Rinse your eyes immediately with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids.

Check and remove any contact lenses. Continue rinsing for at least 10 minutes.

Chemical burns should be treated promptly by a doctor.

Inhalation: consult a doctor immediately. Call a poison control center or doctor. Remove the victim to fresh air and keep him at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear a suitable mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular, or respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

It may be dangerous for the person providing help to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If he is unconscious, place him in the lateral position and consult a doctor immediately. Keep the airway open. Loosen tight clothing such as collars, ties, belts or belts.

Skin contact: Seek medical attention immediately. Call a poison control center or doctor. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wearing gloves.

Continue rinsing for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns should be treated promptly by a doctor. In case of complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Wash clothing before reusing it. Clean your shoes thoroughly before using them again.

Ingestion: consult a doctor immediately. Call a poison control center or doctor. Rinse your mouth with water. Remove dentures, if present. If the material has been ingested and the exposed person is conscious, give small amounts of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick because vomiting can be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that the vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns should be treated promptly by a doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

PASSIONE BEAUTY S.P.A.

REF 2015 - DL0173 Primer

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 3 / 11

SECTION 4. First aid measures .../>>

If he is unconscious, place him in the lateral position and consult a doctor immediately.

Keep the airway open. Loosen tight clothing such as collars, ties, belts or belts.

Protection of first aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without adequate training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear a suitable mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous for the person providing help to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wearing gloves.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Signs/symptoms of overexposure

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Ache

watery eyes

redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation of the respiratory tract

cough

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact a poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Specific treatments: No specific treatments.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards arising from the substance or mixture: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for firefighters: Promptly isolate the area by removing all people from the area of the accident in case of fire. No action shall be taken involving personal risk or without adequate training.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Firefighters must wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a face shield operating in positive pressure mode. Firefighter clothing (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) compliant with the European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without adequate training.

Evacuate surrounding areas. Prevent access to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Do not touch or walk on spilled material. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear an appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also what is reported in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersion and runoff of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the competent authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 4 / 11

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .../>>

Small spill: stop leak if there is no risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and dry if water soluble. Alternatively, or if insoluble in water, absorb with inert dry material and place in a suitable container for waste disposal. Dispose of through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: stop the leak if there is no risk. Move containers from spill area. Approaching release from windward. Prevent entry into sewers, waterways, basements or confined areas.

Wash spills at an effluent treatment plant or do the following. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and lace in a container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Contaminated absorbent material can pose the same hazard as spilled product.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Information not available

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear an appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store in the original container or an approved alternative made of a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be dangerous. Do not reuse the container.

General occupational hygiene advice: Eating, drinking and smoking are prohibited in areas where this material is located handled, stored and processed. Workers must wash their hands and faces before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering food and beverage areas. See also Section 8 for further information on hygiene measures.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Shield UV light sources. Do not store above the following temperature: 65°C (149°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in the original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store the product closed. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Open containers must be carefully closed and kept in an upright position to avoid leaks. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

			Meth	acrylic acid				
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation			6,55	6,3			88	29,6
			mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin	1			2,55				4,25
	%			mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

Isobutyl methacrylate									
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL							
	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers					
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic	
Inhalation			366,4	66,5			409	415,9	
			mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3	mg/m3	
Skin	1		1	3	1		1	5	
	%		%	mg/kg bw/d	%		%	mg/kg	
								bw/d	

PASSIONE BEAUTY S.P.A.

REF 2015 - DL0173 Primer

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 5 / 11

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Value **Properties** Appearance liquid Colour colourless Odour pungent (strong) Melting point / freezing point 15.8 °C Initial boiling point 161 °C Flammability not available Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available Flash point 65 °C Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available >2. <2.2 Kinematic viscosity not available 1.4 mPa·s Dynamic viscosity Solubility not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available

0.13

1,03 >1 [Air = 1]

kPa

not applicable

Solubility:

Vapour pressure

cold water: easily soluble hot water: easily soluble

Relative vapour density Particle characteristics

Density and/or relative density

Information

Remark:closed cup

9.2. Other information

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 6 / 11

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate

<1 (butyl acetate = 1)

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under certain conditions of storage or use, hazardous reactions or instability may occur.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: 1177,78 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: 381,94 mg/kg

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 7 / 11

SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Methacrylic acid LD50 (Dermal): STA (Dermal):

LD50 (Oral):

500 mg/kg rabbit

1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

1060 mg/kg rat

Primer: Acute toxicity estimates:

oral (mg/kg)= 500 dermal (mg/kg)= 300

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

Primer: category 3. target organs: Irritation of the respiratory tract

Isobutyl methacrylate

category 3. target organs: Irritation of the respiratory tract

Target organs

Methacrylic acid

category 3. target organs: Irritation of the respiratory tract

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 8 / 11

SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

Methacrylic acid

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

53 mg/l Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate, 21 days

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Methacrylic acid

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,93 Log Kow potential: low

Isobutyl methacrylate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,95 Log Kow potential: low

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products must always comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and the requirements of regional local authorities. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste must not be disposed of untreated into sewers unless it fully complies with the requirements of all relevant authorities.

Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for hazardous waste.

Packaging

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special Precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of safely. Caution should be exercised when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed.

Empty containers or containers may retain some product residue. Avoid dispersion and runoff of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1760

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 9 / 11

SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. IATA: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 80 Limited Quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special provision: 274
IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-B Limited Quantities: 1 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851

Special provision: A3, A803

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 10 / 11

SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3

Acute Tox. 3

Acute Tox. 4

Skin Corr. 1A

Eye Dam. 1

Skin Irrit. 2

Flammable liquid, category 3

Acute toxicity, category 4

Skin corrosion, category 1A

Serious eye damage, category 1

Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1B

H226

H311

H302

Skin sensitization, category 1B
Flammable liquid and vapour.
Toxic in contact with skin.
Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

PASSIONE BEAUTY S.P.A.

REF 2015 - DL0173 Primer

Revision nr.1 Dated 06/12/2023 First compilation Printed on 06/12/2023 Page n. 11 / 11

SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.