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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier Code: **REF 2524** Product name SP34 Red Party 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use UV gel 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet PASSIONE BEAUTY S.P.A. Name Full address Viale Crispi 89-93 (VI) District and Country 36100 Vicenza Italia Tel. +39 0444-239569 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet quality@pucosmetica.it 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to +39 0444-239569

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H319 H315

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Warning

Hazard statements:
H226
H319
H315
H317

Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements: P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. In case of fire: use to extinguish.
P370+P378 P261	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P33/7P313	il eye initation persists. Get medical advice / attention.
Contains:	2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.

polyurethane acrylate oligomer

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:			
Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
INDEX EC CAS	e acrylate oligomer hyl methacrylate	74 ≤ x < 78	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1A H317
INDEX	607-124-00-X	19,5 ≤ x < 21	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: D
EC CAS TPO	212-782-2 868-77-9		
INDEX EC CAS	015-203-00-X 278-355-8 75980-60-8	2≤x< 2,5	Repr. 2 H361f
ETHYL ACE			
INDEX EC CAS N-BUTYL AC	607-022-00-5 205-500-4 141-78-6 CETATE	2≤x< 2,5	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
INDEX	607-025-00-1	2 ≤ x < 2,5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, EUH066
EC CAS	204-658-1 123-86-4		STA Inhalation gas: 4500 ppm

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Contact with eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check and remove any contact lenses. Continue rinsing for at least 10 minutes. Get medical help.

Inhalation: remove the victim to fresh air and keep him at rest in a position that facilitates breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear a suitable mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous for the person providing help to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Consult a doctor if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

If necessary, call a poison control center or doctor. If he is unconscious, place him in the lateral position and consult a doctor immediately. Keep the airway open. Loosen tight clothing such as collars, ties, belts or belts. If decomposition products in a fire are inhaled, symptoms may be delayed. It may be necessary to keep the exposed person under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wearing gloves. Continue rinsing for at least 10 minutes. Get medical help. In case of complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reusing it. Clean your shoes thoroughly before using them again.

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SECTION 4. First aid measures ... / >>

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Remove dentures, if present. If the material has been ingested and the exposed person is conscious, give small amounts of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick because vomiting can be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that the vomit does not enter the lungs. Consult a doctor if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If he is unconscious, place him in the lateral position and consult a doctor immediately. Keep the airway open. Loosen tight clothing such as collars, ties, belts. Protection of first aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without adequate training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear a suitable mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous for the person providing help to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing or wearing gloves.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Signs/symptoms of overexposure Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation tearing redness Inhalation: No specific data. Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to doctor: If decomposition products in a fire are inhaled, symptoms may be delayed. It may be necessary to keep the exposed person under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Specific treatments: No specific treatments.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemicals, CO₂, water spray or foam. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jets.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff into sewers may create a fire or explosion hazard. In the event of a fire or overheating, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Hazardous Combustion Products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for firefighters: Promptly isolate the area by removing all people from the area of the accident in case of fire. No action shall be taken involving personal risk or without adequate training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep containers exposed to fire cool.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Firefighters must wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a face shield operating in positive pressure mode. Firefighter clothing (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) compliant with the European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without adequate training.

Evacuate surrounding areas. Prevent access to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Do not touch or walk on spilled material. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear an appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also what is reported in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2. Environmental precautions

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .../>>

Avoid dispersion of spilled material, runoff and contact with soil, waterways and sewers. Inform the competent authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: stop leak if there is no risk. Move containers away from spill area. Dilute with water and dry if water soluble. Alternatively, or if insoluble in water, absorb with dry and inert material and place in a suitable container for waste disposal. Dispose of through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: stop the leak if there is no risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Avoid entry into sewers, waterways, basements or confined areas.

Wash spills at an effluent treatment plant or do the following. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place them in a container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Contaminated absorbent material can pose the same hazard as spilled product.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate protective equipment. See section 13 for further information on waste treatment.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear an appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store in the original container or an approved alternative made of a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flames or any other sources of ignition. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment (ventilation, lighting and material handling). Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be dangerous. Do not reuse the container. General occupational hygiene advice: Eating, drinking and smoking are prohibited in areas where the material is handled, stored or processed. Workers must wash their hands and faces before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering food and beverage areas. See also Section 8 for further information on hygiene measures.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Shield UV light sources. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a separate, approved area. Store in the original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Separated from oxidizing materials.

Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Open containers must be carefully closed and kept in an upright position to avoid leaks. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds Hazard criteria Category: P5c Notification and MAPP threshold: 5000 tonnes Safety ratio threshold: 50000 tonnes

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Not available. Specific solutions for the industrial sector: Not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

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EU
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OEL EU

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

						LAVEIAIL				
Threshold Lim	it Value									
Туре	Coun	try TW	A/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/	m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	241	I	50	723	150				
Health - Derive	d no-effec	t level - DN	IEL / [OMEL						
		Effects on	consu	mers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exp	osure	Acute	Acu	te	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local	syst	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral			2			2				
			mg/	kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation		300	300		35,7	12	600	600	300	48
		mg/m3	mg/	m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin			6			3,4		11		7
			mg/	kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg		mg/kg
								bw/d		bw/d
					ETHYL	ACETATE				
Threshold Lim	it Value									
Туре	Coun	try TW	A/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/	m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	734	ł	200	1468	400				

OLL	LU	734	200	1400	400				
Health - Derived	no-effect le	vel - DNEL	/ DMEL						
	Ef	fects on con	sumers			Effects on worl	kers		
Route of expos	sure Ac	ute A	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loc	al s	ystemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral					4,5				
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	73	4 7	34	367	367	1468	1468	734	734
	mg	g/m3 m	ng/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin					37				63
					mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
									bw/d

			2-Hydroxye	thyl methacryla	ate			
lealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	ONEL / DMEL						
	Effects o	n consumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				0,83				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				2,9				4,9
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				0,83				1,3
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

				TPO				
lealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				0,0833				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				0,145				0,822
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				0,0833				0,233
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards. Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station. HAND PROTECTION Protect hands with category III work gloves. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use. SKIN PROTECTION Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321). RESPIRATORY PROTECTION Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards. N-BUTYL ACETATE DO NOT dispose of in the sewer. DO NOT allow this chemical to contaminate the environment

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	magenta	
Odour	Characteristic. Acrylate smell	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	not available	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	37,8 < T < 61 °C	Remark:closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	not available	
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Dynamic viscosity	>1500, <6000 mPa·s	
Solubility	Non solubile in acqua fredda,	
	non solubile in acqua calda.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	1,12	
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... / >>

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No specific test data regarding reactivity is available for this product or its ingredients.

N-BUTYL ACETATE Decomposes on contact with: water. ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization may occur under certain storage or use conditions. These could cause the product to polymerize exothermically. Inadvertent contact with them should be avoided.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents.May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, hydrides, oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (sparks or flames). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light,sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc. ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,chlorosulphuric acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous decomposition products should be generated.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

N-BUTYL ACETATE Result: Eyes - Moderately irritating. Species: Rabbit. Exposure: 100 mg Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): category 3. Target organs: Narcotic effects.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

> N-BUTYL ACETATE LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation gas):

ETHYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral):

2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate LD50 (Oral):

Acute toxicity estimates SP34 Red Party: Inhalation (gas): 6751.3 ppm

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

ETHYL ACETATE category 3. Target organs: Narcotic effects

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

> 20000 mg/l Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)

> 17600 mg/kg rabbit 10768 mg/kg rat 4000 ppm/4h rat

5620 mg/kg ratt

5050 mg/kg rat

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

N-BUTYL ACETATE Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Crustaceans - Artemia salina 48 hours

ETHYL ACETATE Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Selenastrum sp. 96 hours Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex 48 hours Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata 48 hours

N-BUTYL ACETATE LC50 - for Fish

ETHYL ACETATE LC50 - for Fish Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate LC50 - for Fish 18000 µg/l Fish - Pimephales promelas

212500 µg/l Heteropneustes fossilis 75,6 mg/l Pimephales promelas -2,4 mg/l

227000 $\mu g/I$ Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Wanling)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2,3 potential: low
ETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	0,68 potential: low 30 potential: low
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,42 potential: low
TPO BCF	53 to 72, potential: low

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Product

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products must always comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and the requirements of regional local authorities. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste must not be disposed of untreated into sewers unless it fully complies with the requirements of all relevant authorities.

Hazardous waste: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for hazardous waste.

Packaging

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special Precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of safely. Caution should be exercised when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed.

Empty containers or containers may retain some product residue. Avoid dispersion and runoff of spilled material and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
IMDG:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
IATA:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30 Special provision: 274, 601	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG: IATA:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Cargo:	Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Passengers: Special provision:	Maximum quantity: 60 L A3	Packaging instructions: 355

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c			
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Product	<u>}</u>		
Point 3 - 40			
Contained substance Point 75			
Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable			
<u>Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)</u> TPO			
Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None			
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None			
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None			
Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None			

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin sensitization, category 1A
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.

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H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
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- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

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